

SCIM Client

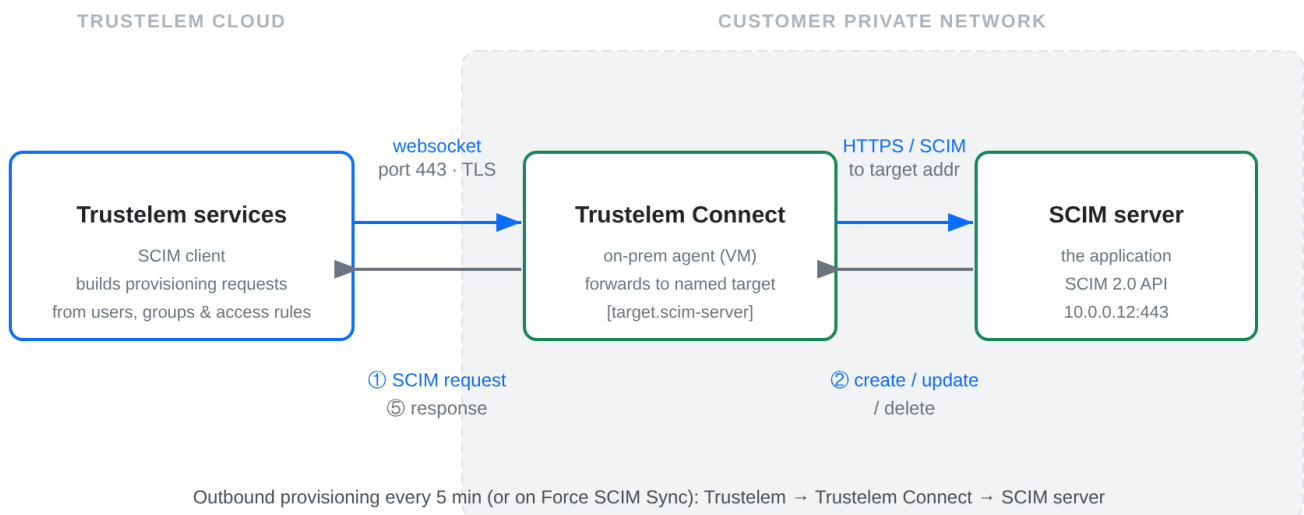
Contents

- [How does it work?](#)
- [Prerequisites](#)
- [Setup Trustelem Connect on a Windows machine](#)
- [Setup Trustelem Connect on a Linux machine](#)
- [Declare the SCIM server as a connector target](#)
- [Setup an application to provision through SCIM](#)
- [Force a synchronization](#)
- [Debug](#)

How does it work?

The goal is to use the Trustelem to **provision users and groups** into an application that exposes a **SCIM 2.0** API. The connector is what lets Trustelem reach a SCIM server that is **only accessible from the customer's private network**, but it can just as well forward to a SCIM server reachable from outside the network.

To do so, a connector, **Trustelem Connect**, is installed on a local customer server. Unlike the LDAP / Radius use case where Trustelem Connect *receives* requests, here Trustelem is the **SCIM client**: it builds the provisioning requests and **Trustelem Connect forwards them** to the SCIM server (typically one that lives on the private network, but any reachable SCIM server works).



1/ During the setup, **Trustelem Connect** opens a **websocket** to **Trustelem services** using **port 443**.

Note: with the websocket, information is encrypted by TLS protocol and with an additional symmetric encryption.

On the local machine, **Trustelem Connect** is also configured with one or more **targets**. A target is a named destination (a `host: port`) that the agent is allowed to dial — here, your **SCIM server**.

*For instance, I made the setup of Trustelem Connect and declared a target named **scim-server** pointing at **10.0.0.12:443***

2/ On a regular schedule (every **5 minutes**), or when an administrator clicks **Force SCIM Sync**, Trustelem computes the **users and groups** that should exist on the application, based on its **access rules**, and prepares the corresponding SCIM requests (create / update / delete).

3/ **Trustelem** sends each SCIM request to **Trustelem Connect** through the **websocket**, naming the **target** to use.

4/ **Trustelem Connect** opens the connection to the **SCIM server** (in TLS if the base URL is `https://`) and forwards the request to the address configured for that target.

Note: the generic agent only dials targets it has been explicitly configured with, so a request to an undeclared target is refused — it will never dial an arbitrary address.

5/ **Trustelem Connect** forwards the SCIM server's answer back to **Trustelem** through the **websocket**, and Trustelem records the result of the synchronization.

With the previous example:

- If a user gains a **SCIM access-rule** for the application, Trustelem **creates** (or updates) the user on the SCIM server.
- If a user loses the access-rule, Trustelem **deletes** (or deactivates) the user on the SCIM server.

Prerequisites

- Prepare a VM, Windows Server or Linux, with minimal resources for the OS
 - If you already have a VM for Trustelem ADConnect or for a LDAP / Radius connector, you can use the same
 - If you have only one VM which is down, the provisioning is down too..
 - The recommendation is 2 VM at least, to have a failover system
- Download Trustelem Connect on the VM (.exe or .tgz depending of the OS)
 - <https://dl.trustelem.com/connect/>
 - the download buttons (Windows / Linux) are also available directly on the **service** page in your administration interface
- The flow from the VM to the **SCIM server** should be opened for the IP / port the SCIM API listens on
 - usually tcp port 443 (https) or 8080
- The flow from the VM to the **Trustelem production servers and relay (https://admin.trustelem.com)** should be opened, on **tcp port 443**, towards the following IPs:
 - Current production servers: **185.4.44.22, 185.4.46.20, 185.4.46.21, 185.4.46.22**
 - New production servers (replacement): **185.4.44.114, 185.4.44.117**
 - Relay endpoints: **98.66.169.89** (relay-fr-01.wallix.com), **20.39.241.157** (relay-fr-02.wallix.com)
- The **SCIM credentials** of the application (a **bearer token**, or a **username / password** for Basic authentication) and the **base URL** of its SCIM API

Setup TrustelemConnect on a Windows machine

In your Trustelem administration page:

- Go to the **Services** tab.
- Click on the button + **Create a service** and copy the **service ID**.

Service setup
✕

Name

Description

Service ID

Connector list

NAME	IP	ENABLED	STATE	VERSION

Applications

Add an application
No application has been added to this service yet.
 Click on 'Add an application' to add one and configure its services.

Save

Cancel

On your server:

- Start the setup (Trustelem Connect.exe), and paste your **service ID**.
- If you have a proxy, complete the field **HTTP Proxy** with the value:
 https://username:password@proxy_IP:proxy_port
- Click on **Validate the Configuration**

Trustelem Connect Setup (v0.994)
— □ ✕

Configuration

Version 0.994

Service ID

HTTP proxy

Status

Network link ok, external IP: 212.85.146.100

Service ID ok

Service state Running

Service account LocalSystem

Edit Configuration...

Configure the service...

- Start the service.

In your Trustelem administration page

- Refresh your **Services** page.
- Turn on the service by clicking on **No**.

Service **SCIM provisioning**

Name

[Windows \(v2.9\)](#) [Linux \(v2.9\)](#)

Service ID 2jy34wpcohrhdytr6hutym6qfi2l7nnw

Connectors

NAME	IP	ENABLED	STATE	VERSION
SCIM-CONNECT-01	10.0.0.34	Yes	● Connected since 2026-06-07 14:21	2.9

The connector is up: **Enabled = Yes** and a green **Connected since...** state mean the Trustelem Connect agent has an open websocket to Trustelem and can carry outbound SCIM.

Turning the connector on

A newly connected agent appears with **Enabled = No** (orange). Click it once to switch it to **Yes**, then the service is ready to be selected as the **Connector** of a SCIM application.

You now have a functional connector.

Setup Trustelem Connect on a Linux machine

In your Trustelem administration page:

- Go to the **Services** tab.
- Click on the button **+ Create a service** and copy the **service ID**.

Service setup
✕

Name

New service

Description

Short description (location, ...)

Service ID

n7xcw4dp5zx6437o663jkb2b

Connector list

NAME	IP	ENABLED	STATE	VERSION

Applications

Add an application
+

*No application has been added to this service yet.
Click on 'Add an application' to add one and configure its services.*

Save

Cancel

On your server:

- Install the connector as a service with the **setup.sh** script launch with **root privilege**.
- To complete the configuration, edit /opt/wallix/trustelem-connect/config.ini file containing the synchronization id.
- A sample minimal config.ini would be:

```

service_id = 2jy34wpcohrhdytr6hutym6qfi2l7nnw
state_dir = run/
# if there is a proxy
proxy = https://username: password@proxy_IP: proxy_port

```

- The run folder must have read write rights for the trustelem user.
- After that, you can start the service with: **systemctl start trustelem-connect.service**
- The service will run with the user trustelem

In your Trustelem administration page

- Refresh your **Services** page.
- Turn on the service by clicking on **No**.

Service **SCIM provisioning**

Name

Windows (v2.9)

Linux (v2.9)

Service ID 2jy34wpcohrhdytr6hutym6qfi2l7nnw

CONNECTORS	NAME	IP	ENABLED	STATE	VERSION
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Turning the connector on

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Declare the SCIM server as a connector target

Outbound SCIM never dials the remote directly: Trustelem Connect forwards the request to a **named target**. You declare that target on the machine running the connector with the **set-target** command, then you reference it by name in the application setup.

On your server, from the Trustelem Connect folder:

```
connect set-target <name> <host:port>
```

With the previous example:

```
connect set-target scim-server 10.0.0.12:443
```

- **<name>** is a free label — you will type the exact same value in the application setup (field **Connector target name**).
- **<host:port>** is the address of the **SCIM server** as seen from the connector machine.
- The command writes a `[target.<name>]` section in **config.ini** and enables outgoing connections; on Linux you can also edit config.ini directly:

```
outgoing_allowed = "true"
[target.scim-server]
addr = 10.0.0.12:443
```

- Useful options:
 - `-always-tls` / `-no-tls` to force or disable TLS regardless of the base URL scheme

- `-insecure-allow-skip-tls-check` to accept a self-signed certificate (must be combined with **Skip TLS certificate check** in the application setup)
- `-override` to clear an existing target before re-applying it
- Restart the service so the new target is advertised to Trustelem.

Setup an application to provision through SCIM

On your Trustelem administration page:

- Go to the **Apps** tab.
 - Either **open an existing application** to add SCIM provisioning to it, or click on **+ Add an application** to create a new one.
 - If you create a new application, choose either a pre-integrated application or a generic model depending on your need.
 - Turn on **SCIM**, then fill the SCIM section:
 - **Base Url for SCIM provisioning:** the base URL of the application's SCIM 2.0 API (e.g. `https://scim.myapp.local/v2`).
 - Its scheme decides whether the connector opens the connection in TLS.
 - **Authentication Mode: Bearer Token or Basic**
 - For **Bearer Token**: paste the token in the **Bearer Token** field (the `Bearer` prefix is added automatically if you omit it).
 - For **Basic**: fill **Username** and **Password**.
 - **Connector**: select the **service** you created and turned on above. The outbound SCIM traffic is tunnelled through this connector.
 - **Connector target name**: type the exact **<name>** you used with `connect set-target` (e.g. **scim-server**).
 - **Skip TLS certificate check**: leave **disabled** unless the SCIM server uses a self-signed certificate. It only takes effect if the connector target was also declared with `-insecure-allow-skip-tls-check`.
- Click on **Save**.

Settings for SCIM provisioning (doc)



Name



State Enabled
 Disabled

URL
Home or login page of the application

LDAP Enabled
 Disabled

Radius Enabled
 Disabled


SCIM Enabled
 Disabled

Base Url for SCIM provisioning

Authentication Mode Bearer Token
 Basic
Choose the authorization scheme used for SCIM calls.


Bearer Token  

Last Sync

Connector 
Outbound SCIM is tunneled through the connector of this service endpoint, so a Trustelem Connect agent can reach a SCIM server on your private network.

Connector target name
Name of the target configured on the connect agent (connect set-target <name> <host:port>) that points at the SCIM server.

Skip TLS certificate check Enabled
 Disabled
Disable TLS certificate verification when the connector dials the SCIM server. Only takes effect if the agent target also allows it; leave disabled unless the server uses a self-signed certificate.

 Force SCIM Sync

 Save

Of course, **you need to create the access rules** to define which users will be provisioned to the application

<https://trustelem-doc.wallix.com/books/trustelem-administration/page/access-rules>

Trustelem is now ready to provision users and groups to the application through **Trustelem Connect**.

Force a synchronization

By default, Trustelem pushes the SCIM updates **every 5 minutes**. To apply your configuration immediately:

- Open the application, in the SCIM section click on **Force SCIM Sync**.
- A full synchronization runs: Trustelem lists the resources already present on the SCIM server, reconciles them with the users and groups granted by the access rules, and applies the create / update / delete operations.
- The result is reported in the **Last Sync** field and, in case of error, as a message describing the most actionable cause (authentication failure, endpoint not found, no connector available, network error...).

Debug

The connector doesn't appear in the setup page on the admin page

- ping **admin.trustelem.com** on the machine running the connector to verify the outgoing flows
- verify the synchronization ID (service ID)
- verify the proxy setup
- if the VM is a Windows machine, verify that you clicked on **Validate** on Trustelem Connect program

The SCIM synchronization is not working

- Read the **Last Sync** message and your **Trustelem Logs page**:
 - **no connector available** → the service is not turned on, no agent is connected, or the connector does not advertise the configured target. Verify the service is **On**, that an agent is **Connected**, and that the **Connector target name** matches a `connect` `set-target` declared on the agent.
 - **authentication failed (401) / forbidden (403)** → check the **Authentication Mode** and the bearer token or username / password.
 - **endpoint not found (404)** → check the **Base Url for SCIM provisioning** (path and version, e.g. `/v2`).
 - **network error** → the connector cannot reach the SCIM server: check the target `host:port`, the flow from the connector VM to the SCIM server, and the TLS settings.
- If the SCIM server uses a **self-signed certificate**, declare the target with `-insecure-` `allow-skip-tls-check` **and** enable **Skip TLS certificate check** in the application; otherwise the TLS handshake fails.

- Verify if the flow from the connector VM to the SCIM server is opened. If you have a doubt, use **Wireshark** on Windows or **tcpdump** on Linux on the connector machine.
/!\ tcpdump displays the flow received, before applying local firewall rules. So if you are on Linux and see the requests, you should verify if there is a local firewall.
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